### **Chapter 23: Sex and Gender**

1. A liberal would agree that

a. many instances of casual sex and sex work fail to qualify as informed or consensual.

b. all instances of casual sex and sex work fail to qualify as informed or consensual.

c. no instances of casual sex and sex work fail to qualify as informed or consensual.

d. consent is morally required for some instances of casual sex and sex work, but not others.

Answer: a

\*2. The definition of casual sex is

a. sex engaged in by consenting adults.

b. sex between two people who have not been married.

c. sex between people who have expressed no commitment to each other.

d. sexual, romantic, or marital relationships among more than two people.

Answer: c

3. The definition of prostitution is

a. sex between two people who have expressed no commitment to each other.

b. having sex in exchange for payment.

c. a social practice in which a man has more than one wife at the same time.

d. any sexual act absent love, honesty, loyalty, and devotion.

Answer: b

4. What is the standard of affirmative consent?

a. Sex only becomes consensual once consent is explicitly given.

b. Sex becomes consensual once consent is implicitly or explicitly given.

c. Sex acts are consensual by default.

d. Sex is consensual unless it is resisted in some way.

Answer: a

\*5. The “No Means No” policy operates under the assumption that sex acts

a. are non-consensual by default.

b. are consensual unless resisted in some way.

c. only become consensual once consent is explicitly given.

d. only become consensual once consent is implicitly or explicitly given.

Answer: b

\*6. According to Stock, sex-based legal protections and resources should be

a. abolished.

b. replaced with gender-based protections and resources.

c. maintained whenever they are the best solution to sex-based harm.

d. Both b and c

Answer: c

7. West argues that liberal feminism undermines the effort to articulate the harms of consensual sex by

a. indirectly celebrating the value of consensual sex.

b. under-appreciating the harms of non-consensual sex.

c. rhetorically denying the existence of consensual sex.

d. All of the above

Answer: a

\*8. According to Chappell, the existence of adoptive parents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our understanding of what it is to be a parent.

a. undermines

b. is incompatible with

c. extends

d. Both a and b

Answer: c

9. In a society where polyamory was the norm, Brake suggests that

a. the institution of marriage would likely disappear.

b. popular culture would likely become increasingly sexualized.

c. relationships between people would become more fluid.

d. All of the above

Answer: c

\*10. Nussbaum argues that there is nothing per se wrong with

a. limiting employment opportunities for women.

b. subordination of others.

c. taking money for the use of one’s body.

d. double standards.

Answer: c